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1931/32

July 1

32



Abelia grandiflora is one of the loveliest, quick-growing, everblooming, evergreen shrubs in the South. It is very hardy

Ornamentals



TRADE-MARK REGISTERED

Glen Saint Mary Nurseries Co.
GLEN SAINT MARY, FLORIDA



A few well-chosen Evergreens substitute beauty of mass, texture and color for the hard, ugly base and foundation lines of a building

FOREWORD



HE seasons of fifty years have witnessed the beginning and gradual development of a vision conceived in the mind of our founder, Mr. George Lindley Taber. The original small business has grown steadily into an institution which has contributed much to the progress of southern horticulture. For many years Mr. Taber guided us, and now we "carry on."

We will soon celebrate our fiftieth birthday, and we approach the half-century mark with a keen sense of gratitude toward our customers for their liberal patronage and continued support.

The season 1931-32 marks a decided change in our manner of communication with you, our customers. Five distinct divisions of nursery stock are now presented in five separate Catalogues—ROSES, AZALEAS and CAMELLIAS, ORNAMENTALS, FRUITS and NUTS, CITRUS FRUITS. These will take the place of the General Catalogue previously issued. Each one of these books covers more exhaustively than was formerly possible, that particular class of material which it describes. In this way we hope to serve you more efficiently and satisfactorily.

At this time, in spite of severe economic stress, we are able to pursue our scientific and practical horticultural work. Our institution is sound and the work progresses. In the years to come, as in the past, the same high standard of quality will be maintained, and the basis of integrity and fair dealing upon which the business was founded nearly fifty years ago will continue to underlie all its activities.

GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES CO.

Glen Saint Mary, Florida



A Landscape View of Glen Saint Mary

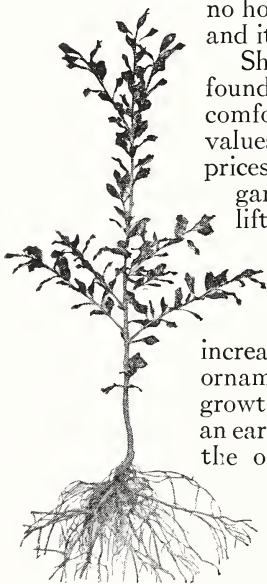
Ornamentals

THE whole situation with regard to the planting of grounds in the South has undergone great changes. Where formerly good lawns were rare and well-planted grounds the exception, they may now be found everywhere. No new house is considered finished, no home complete until its garden is planted in keeping with its architecture and its location.

Shade trees, shrubs, and flowering plants in the borders and about the foundations, and good lawns have not only added much to the beauty and comfort of the homes, but have greatly increased their actual money values. Homes with well-planted grounds rent more readily, sell for higher prices, and are more desirable from every standpoint. Every well-planted garden contributes its share to the beauty of its surroundings and so uplifts the living conditions of the community.

The demand for ornamental trees, shrubs, and plants has increased from year to year, both for increased quantities and for greater variety. From a small beginning, many years ago, the Ornamental Department of the Glen Saint Mary Nurseries has increased until it is now one of the largest in the country. Many lines of ornamental stocks are grown here in greater numbers than elsewhere. This growth has come about to meet an ever-increasing demand and because of an earnest desire to help in the ornamental development of the region in which the nurseries are located.

The soil and climate of our location are peculiarly adapted to the growth of various fine trees and shrubs. Problems connected with their production have been and are carefully studied. The work is in the hands of trained men, and the results obtained in gardens and grounds, small and large, throughout the South, are a living testimony to their value.



Holly Plant



Block of Podocarpus in our nursery

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING



Palms and Cycads

PALMS are among the most striking plants which may be used for outdoor southern planting. Their bare, single stems and huge, arching leaves separate them from all other plants. Wherever seen, well-grown specimens always attract attention and give a decidedly tropical touch to the grounds and to the landscape. As street and shade trees, they are excellent and worthy of much more extensive use. The varieties which we offer our customers will be found most satisfactory for outdoor planting. All are pot-grown, or shipped with balls of earth, and may therefore be transplanted at any season of the year.

The place where a Palm is to be planted should be well prepared. The soil, if poor, should be thrown out, leaving a good-sized hole—30 inches square and deep is about right. Fill in with good, rich soil, carrying with it one-third well-rotted stable manure. Plant the Palm in this hole without disturbing in any way the soil that comes about its roots, pack tightly into place, tie the fronds rather closely together to keep them from being tossed about by the wind, thereby loosening the plant in the soil, and water freely. Later, the strings about the fronds should be loosened, and in ten weeks or so may be removed entirely. Fertilize liberally. Palms are gross feeders and require plenty of plant-food for their best growth. Stable manure and other organic fertilizers give splendid results.

Cycads

CYCAS revoluta (Sago Palm). A Palm-like Cycad, reaching a height of 3 to 4 feet, with a handsome crown of deep green leaves curved outward from the center; very hardy; grows well out-of-doors in north Florida and along the Gulf Coast. Young plants have but a single stem; old ones are often branched. We have a particularly fine lot of these.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
6-inch pots.....	1 50	12 50
8-inch pots....	2 50	22 50
10-inch tubs.....	4 00	35 00
12-inch tubs.....	6 00	55 00

ZAMIA integrifolia (Coontie). This beautiful cycad is a native Florida plant. Its thick stem is almost entirely underground, while from its top the beautiful, tufted, dark green, fern-like leaves grow out to a height of about two feet. It is very satisfactory for use in low plantings in either sun or shade, and is well placed in the edges of shrubbery borders or of foundation plantings.

	Each	Per 10
Small plants.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
Medium size.....	1 00	9 00
Large plants.....	1 50	12 50

Palms

ARECA (Chrysalidocarpus) lutescens. A fine greenhouse and house Palm with arching, pinnate, dark green leaves and yellow stems; offshoots develop from the base, forming beautiful clumps. Also adapted for garden planting in the Far South.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$1 00	\$7 50
6-inch pots.....	1 50	12 50
8-inch pots.....	3 00	
10-inch tubs.....	7 50	
12-inch tubs.....	10 00	
14-inch tubs.....	15 00	

CHAMÆROPS excelsa (Chusan Fan Palm). This Palm has a rather slender trunk and flat, fan-shaped leaves borne on slender stems. It is one of the hardiest varieties known, and if any Palm will stand the winters of a given section out-of-doors, it will. It reaches a height of about 15 feet. Well-grown specimens are particularly handsome and graceful, and where a Palm is desired for the small garden in the colder sections, it has no superior.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$1 00	\$7 50
6-inch pots.....	1 50	

PALMS, continued

COCOS australis. A very beautiful, hardy Palm, with grayish green, curved pinnate leaves and growing to a height of 15 to 20 feet. Deserves to be more generally planted as it is one of the most desirable and useful of Palms.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$2 75	\$25 00
3 to 4 feet.....	4 00	35 00
4 to 5 feet.....	6 00	55 00

plumosa. This tree is one of the most beautiful of the Palms, adapted to south Florida and sections with similar climatic conditions. Trunk 40 to 50 feet high, smooth, about 12 inches in diameter, marked with rings; leaves erect and spreading, about 15 feet long. A fine handsome Palm for ornamental avenue and street planting.

	Each	Per 10
6-inch pots.....	\$1 50	\$12 50
8-inch pots.....	2 50	20 00

LATANIA borbonica. One of the best fan Palms for house use in the northern part of the state, and in central Florida and southward it is very satisfactory when grown outdoors.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$1 00	\$7 50
6-inch pots.....	1 50	12 50
8-inch pots.....	2 00	17 50

OREODOXA regia (Royal Palm). This Palm, adapted to southern Florida and similar locations, is one of the most stately and beautiful of trees. The smooth gray trunk is enlarged at the base and surmounted by a plummy crown of graceful leaves 12 to 15 feet long. It is a rapid grower and quickly reaches a height of over 100 feet.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50



Areca lutescens. See page 4

PHŒNIX canariensis. A stately Palm, with large trunk and large, pinnate, gracefully curved leaves. A rapid grower; very hardy and one of the best for outdoor planting in the Gulf Coast country. This is the most widely planted of all the large-growing, pinnate-leaved Palms.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$3 00	\$27 50
3 to 4 feet.....	4 00	35 00
4 to 5 feet.....	6 00	50 00



Specimens of Cocos plumosa

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING



Palm planting and our Office

PALMS, continued

Phoenix reclinata. A fine Palm, with slender trunk and beautiful pinnate leaves. Suckers are produced abundantly from the base, and if allowed to grow, develop into splendid clumps. Well adapted to south Florida.

	Each	Per 10
8-inch pots.....	\$2 00	\$17 50
10-inch pots.....	2 50	22 50
16-inch tubs.....	5 00	45 00

Roebelini. This low-growing Palm, with its small gracefully curved leaves, is one of the most beautiful of the Phoenix group. It is moderately hardy when planted in the open in southern Florida and is one of the most satisfactory house, porch, and greenhouse Palms.

	Each	Per 10
6-inch pots.....	\$1 50	\$12 50
8-inch pots.....	2 50	22 50
10-inch pails.....	5 00	45 00

sylvestris. A tall, hardy, rapid-growing Palm which equals or surpasses *Phoenix canariensis* in beauty and hardiness. The leaves are large, grayish green in color.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet, field-grown.....	\$3 00	\$27 50
3 to 4 feet.....	4 00	35 00
4 to 5 feet.....	6 00	50 00

RHAPIDOPHYLLUM hystrix (Needle Palm). Native to the southern United States from South Carolina to Florida, but rarely seen in cultivation. The trunk is short, 2 to 3 feet, covered with fibre in which are set numerous upright spines. The leaves are borne on long petioles, dark shiny green, under surface pale gray. Very hardy and beautiful when planted in clumps.

	Each	Per 10
Small size.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
Medium size.....	3 50	30 00
Large size.....	5 00	45 00
Extra size.....	8 00	60 00

SABAL Palmetto. The beautiful, hardy native Palm of the South, commonly called "Cabbage Palmetto." Succeeds in the whole region bordering on the Gulf and along the Atlantic as far north as Cape Hatteras.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$3 00	\$25 00
3 to 4 feet.....	4 00	35 00
4 to 5 feet.....	5 00	45 00
5 to 8 feet.....	8 00	70 00

WASHINGTONIA robusta. A splendid Palm with dark green fan-shaped leaves; hardy, well adapted to Florida and the Gulf of Mexico country. It is a rapid grower and reaches a height of from 50 to 80 feet. One of the finest for landscape plantings.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$2 50	\$22 50
3 to 4 feet.....	3 00	27 50
4 to 5 feet.....	5 00	45 00



Avenue of Washingtonia robusta



This foundation planting adds greatly to the beauty of the grounds

Coniferous Evergreens

THESE plants make beautiful individual lawn specimens. The different colors—yellow, green, dark green and blue-green—give a striking effect when planted in masses, either when groups are made up of a single kind or of a number of different kinds. They make an excellent background for other shrubs and are of great value in foundation plantings. For hedges they are unsurpassed. In planting for a hedge, they should be given more distance than other hedge plants; 4 to 5 feet apart is not too much. As plants for porches or porch steps, they are very satisfactory. They are hardy and long lived. The conifers grown at Glen Saint Mary and offered to our customers have been tested out for many years, and the list embraces the finest material for southern planting.

While the coniferous evergreens belong to a number of different genera, the following three contain many of the most important and beautiful varieties suited to southern gardens.

Arborvitæ. These are classified as Thuyas by botanists and are also listed as Biotas in some nursery catalogues. Most of those used in the South belong to the species, *Thuja orientalis*, native in China and Korea. They are beautiful shrubs of compact, symmetrical growth, especially suited for formal gardening when used alone, or for mass and foundation plantings when combined with other shrubs. The Thuyas are hardy and thrive on any moderately good soil.

Junipers. This group of conifers is represented in southern gardens by many beautiful varieties. They are particularly well adapted to soil and climatic conditions and are always dependable.

Retinosporas. Botanists know these by the generic name *Chamaecyparis*. Those commonly found in southern gardens are mostly varieties of *C. pisifera*, a native of Japan. Their forms are many and varied and in leaf colorings there are many shades. A number of lovely varieties are adapted to southern conditions.

GROUP I

This includes a number of the most beautiful conifers, some slow-growing and others of dwarf habit:

ARBORVITÆ aurea conspicua. Deep yellow to golden color, often varying to green. Tall, compact, and upright. Sizes up to 8 feet.

aurea nana. Compact, rounded head and handsome, greenish golden foliage. Sizes up to 4 feet.

Bonita. This is a beautiful rich green variety, dwarf or of slow growth. It is cone-shaped and rather broad. Sizes up to 2½ feet.

Arborvitæ compacta. A fine, dark green variety of compact, conical growth. Sizes up to 3 feet.

globosa. A dense, dwarf, dark green form of Occidentalis Arborvitæ that grows like a round ball. It is a good plant for setting in front of other evergreens, for making a low hedge, or for tub or pot specimens. Sizes up to 18 inches.

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING



A good, mixed evergreen planting embraces many harmonious shades of green, gray, brown and gold, very much more attractive than a solid mass of one variety

CONIFEROUS EVERGREENS—GROUP I, continued

Arborvitæ Meldensis. A compact, rounded Biota of symmetrical habit and quite distinct color. A slow grower, and one of the finest in the group. Sizes up to 4 feet.

stricta. A very narrow, upright variety with dark green foliage. Very excellent sort where a narrow plant is desired. Sizes up to 3 feet.

CHINESE JUNIPER, chinensis Pfitzeriana (Pfitzer's Juniper). This Juniper forms a low, flat, wide-spreading, irregular head, clothed with bluish green foliage. It is one of the most interesting and beautiful conifers, highly resistant to drought and almost universally successful.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1½-foot spread.....	\$2 50	\$22 50
1½ to 2-foot spread.....	3 00	27 50

JAPANESE JUNIPERS, japonica variegata.

This very beautiful form of the Chinese or Japanese Juniper is a compact shrub in which the tips of many of the branchlets are creamy white. Sizes up to 3½ feet.

japonica sylvestris. This is a very beautiful Juniper that grows well in the Lower South. The needle-shaped leaves are steel-color, while the smaller, scale-like leaves are dark green. It is narrow and upright in habit. Well adapted to conditions in the Lower South. Sizes up to 6 feet.

GREEK JUNIPER, excelsa stricta. A dwarf, narrow, compact, upright Juniper that does well under widely different conditions. Its grayish green color is very pleasing. Fine for foundation work. Sizes up to 3½ feet.

RETINOSPORA ericoides. This is a beautiful conifer, dense and compact in growth. Naturally it is an upright grower and may be pruned in very narrow, columnar shape. The foliage is a dark bluish green. Not particular as to soil. Sizes up to 5 feet.

filifera. This very hardy variety has slender, pendulous branches and light green leaves. It is one of the most decorative of all conifers, of medium height. Sizes up to 4 feet.

pisifera argentea. A dwarf, compact variety. Branches silver-tipped. Sizes up to 2 feet.

pisifera aurea. A showy evergreen of dense growth; new shoots of a rich golden color. Dwarf. Sizes up to 2 feet.

Prices on Group I, except Pfitzer's Juniper.	Each	Per 10
12 to 18 inches.....	\$1 50	\$12 50
18 to 24 inches.....	2 25	20 00
24 to 30 inches.....	3 00	27 50
30 to 36 inches.....	4 00	37 50
3 to 4 feet.....	5 50	50 00
4 to 5 feet.....	7 00	65 00



Juniperus chinensis Pfitzeriana

CONIFEROUS EVERGREENS—GROUP II

Including larger and more rapid-growing varieties of *Arborvitæ*, Junipers, and *Retinosporas*:



View in *Arborvitæ* Nursery

ARBORVITÆ, Blue-Green. This is a handsome *Arborvitæ* with bluish green foliage that does not change color in winter. A strong grower and soon makes fine, large, beautiful specimens which retain their good appearance, even when old. Sizes up to 4 feet.

Rosedale. Of compact, rounded, symmetrical form, with very dense head. The foliage is dark, bluish green and very handsome. Sizes up to 3½ feet.

Arborvitæ pyramidalis. A compact, pyramidal *Arborvitæ*, reaching a height of about 15 feet. Bright green, and holds its color well. Very fine. Sizes up to 6 feet.

JUNIPERUS communis. A fine variety; spreading branches and green foliage. Sizes up to 4 feet.

communis oblonga. This variety is dark green, upright in form, with slender, recurving branches. Can be pruned in any desired shape. Sizes up to 4 feet.

RETINOSPORA squarrosa sieboldi. A rather dwarf, compact conifer, with bluish green leaves that take on a purplish tint in cold weather. It is an attractive and noteworthy variety. Sizes up to 3 feet.

squarrosa veitchi. A rapid-growing variety with silvery blue foliage. It is a handsome, distinct conifer, reaching a height of 15 to 20 feet, and shears well. Sizes up to 4 feet.

Prices on Group II.		Each	Per 10
1 to 1½ feet.....		\$1 25	\$10 00
1½ to 2 feet.....		2 00	17 50
2 to 2½ feet.....		2 50	22 50
2½ to 3 feet.....		3 25	30 00
3 to 4 feet.....		4 25	40 00
4 to 5 feet.....		5 50	50 00
5 to 6 feet.....		7 50	70 00



Arborvitæ aurea nana

Arborvitæ pyramidalis

Arborvitæ, Blue-Green

Arborvitæ, Rosedale

Anniversary Offer

Coniferous Evergreens at bargain prices. The four Evergreens illustrated here, or any other four which you select from this catalogue are offered at an attractive saving in price. One plant, 2 to 3 feet high, of each variety, four plants in all for

\$9.75

Regular price \$12.75

Make out a list of the Evergreens you want, and we will quote you special prices direct.

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING



Dwarf Evergreen Conifers mask the foundations of the house, giving a year-round elegance of texture, form and color

GROUP III

Miscellaneous conifers. A selected group of kinds well adapted to southern conditions.

ARAUCARIA Bidwilli. The Bunya-bunya is a handsome tree from youth to old age. It reaches a height of upwards of 150 feet. The branches are borne in whorls and clothed with large, firm, shiny, sharp-pointed leaves. Well-grown specimens always attract attention because of their glossy green color and symmetrical habit. It is one of the most beautiful of the larger-growing conifers. Adapted from middle Florida southward, though occasionally met with farther north.

Prices of Pot-Grown Plants.		Each
18 to 24 inches.....		\$3 50
24 to 30 inches.....		5 00

CEDRUS Deodara (Indian Cedar). Of pyramidal form, reaching large size. Foliage a beautiful shade of bluish green. When the new foliage is opening in spring, the trees are particularly handsome. This tree is well adapted to the Southern States. It takes the place of Colorado Blue Spruce in southern plantings, is more open and graceful in habit, but similar in coloring. It should be planted only on well-drained soils, as it may be killed by too much water.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$3 00	\$27 50
3 to 4 feet.....	3 50	30 00
4 to 5 feet.....	4 50	40 00
5 to 7 feet.....	6 50	60 00
7 to 9 feet.....	10 00	75 00



Cedrus Deodara

CONIFEROUS EVERGREENS—GROUP III, continued

CRYPTOMERIA japonica. A Japanese tree with slender trunk and straight, spreading branches that turn upward at their tips. It is graceful in habit and rapid in growth. Grows best on good, heavy soil.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 feet.....	\$2 00	\$17 50
2 to 2½ feet.....	2 50	22 50
2½ to 3 feet.....	3 25	30 00
3 to 4 feet.....	4 25	40 00
4 to 5 feet.....	5 50	50 00

JUNIPERUS sabina cupressifolia (Creeping Juniper). A Juniper of trailing or creeping habit; bluish green; very handsome. Excellent for bordering walks, for planting on sloping ground, or for use as a ground-cover.

	Each	Per 10
2-year.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
3-year.....	1 50	12 50

virginiana. The Red Cedar is a tree with a dark green head and spreading or upright branches. It grows rapidly and is adapted to a wide range of soils. It does well either in full sun or in partial shade, and is one of the most dependable of all the conifers.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$2 00	\$17 50
3 to 4 feet.....	3 00	27 50
4 to 5 feet.....	4 00	35 00
5 to 6 feet.....	6 00	50 00
6 to 8 feet.....	8 00	70 00

PINUS caribæa (Slash Pine). One of the hand-somest species of our native Pines. Desirable as single specimens or for use in landscape plantings. Furnished from pots only, as open-ground plants are difficult to trans-plant.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 75	\$5 00
2 to 3 feet.....	1 00	7 50
3 to 4 feet.....	1 50	12 50



Podocarpus

PODOCARPUS macrophylla Maki. Heretofore catalogued as Cephalotaxus. A beautiful evergreen, upright, branching shrub or small tree with rather broad leaves, light green when young, dark green when mature. It is an excellent plant for hedges, screens, specimens, or for the shrubby border. Hardy.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1½ feet.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
1½ to 2 feet.....	1 50	12 50
2 to 3 feet.....	2 50	20 00
3 to 4 feet.....	3 50	30 00
4 to 5 feet.....	5 00	45 00
5 to 6 feet.....	7 00	60 00



Roadway planted with Juniperus virginiana

New and Unusual Plants

IN these two pages, some plants not hitherto grown in quantity at Glen Saint Mary are offered. A few are uncommon and some of them are new or from new sources. The strain of mountain laurel (*Kalmia*) for instance, is from the southernmost sources of this beautiful shrub. All have been thoroughly tested over a period of years and are listed with confidence that they will give satisfaction to those who plant them.



Kalmia latifolia (Mountain Laurel)

Japanese Box (*Buxus japonica*)

Very dark evergreen shrubs for hedges, specimens, or tub use. Long-lived, handsome, and rapid-growing. 12 to 18 in., \$1 each; 18 to 24 in., \$1.50 each; 24 to 30 in., \$2 each.

Illicium floridanum

A native, evergreen, aromatic shrub with large, shining foliage and rich, crimson-purple flowers with many petals. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$2 each; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.50 each.

Ligustrum lucidum aureo-marginatum

A brilliantly colored, yellow-edged variety of the handsome, glossy Privet which is very fine for specimen use either in the open or in tubs. 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50 each; 4 to 5 ft., \$4.50 each.

Ligustrum coriaceum

A very slow-growing evergreen with dense, dark green, twisted or curled foliage. Suitable for specimens and dense masses. 12 to 18 in., \$2 each; 18 to 24 in., \$2.25 each.

Bamboos

Sheared, symmetrical specimens of compact habit, dense and beautiful. They may be used as individual lawn specimens or for growing in tubs. Properly spaced they make a finished hedge of rare beauty. 2 to 3 ft., \$3.50 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$5 each.

Ilex integra

An exceedingly handsome Holly with very large, smooth, glossy leaves with few spines. It is evergreen and has larger foliage than any other Holly.

18 to 24-in. plants from 6-in. pots, \$1.50 each.



Japanese Box

For Southern Gardens

Ligustrum japonicum

A vigorous, enduring form of the Japanese Privet, with hard, glossy, evergreen leaves. Excellent for screens, large masses, and as specimen plants. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.75 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$2 each; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.50 each.

Kalmia latifolia

This is the far-famed Mountain Laurel of the eastern United States. It has beautiful glossy green foliage and clusters of pinkish white blossoms in early spring. Our strain comes from the southernmost limits of the species. Adapted to all of northern Florida and northward. 18 to 24 in., \$1.50 each; 24 to 30 in., \$1.75 each.

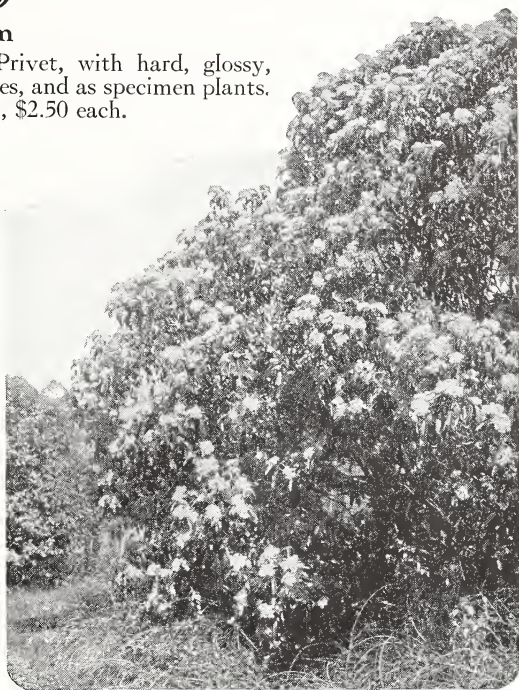
Ligustrum lucidum nobile

A very erect, tall, evergreen shrub, useful for giving height and stability to massed plantings. Makes handsome specimens. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.75 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$2 each; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.50 each.

Quercus glabra

Japanese Evergreen Oak

An evergreen tree of very handsome appearance and rare in this country. 2 to 3 ft., \$3 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$5 each.



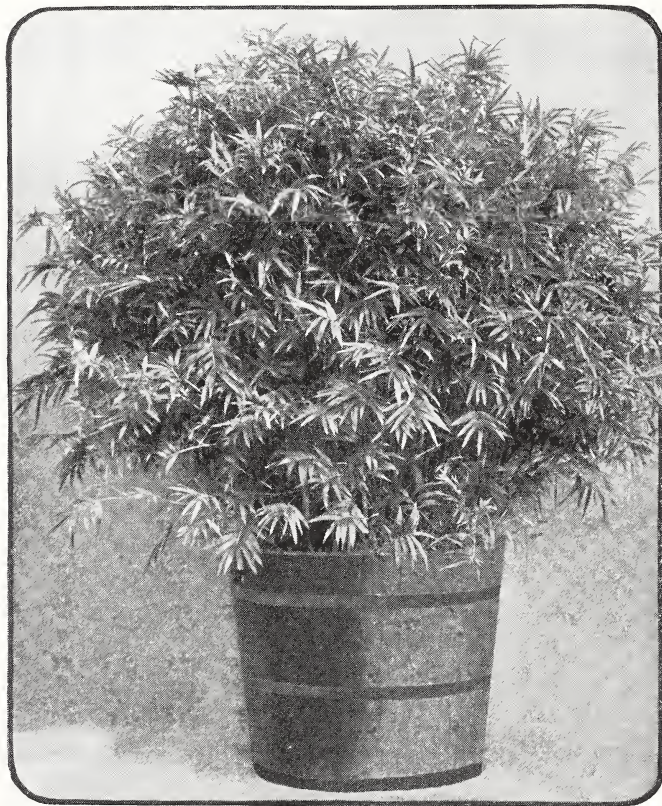
Photinia serrulata

Photinia serrulata

This is a remarkably handsome object in summer, with fine, glossy foliage and large clusters of white flowers. It is also very spectacular in winter when it is covered with clusters of scarlet fruits shining against the dark green leaves. Good plants, 18 to 24 in., from 6-inch pots, \$1.25 each.

Viburnum odoratissimum

An erect shrub of distinct habit, with large, evergreen leaves. In early spring it bears clusters of waxen white, richly fragrant flowers which are followed by clustered berries changing from red to black. Sheared specimens, 2 to 3 ft., \$3 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$4 each.



Sheared Bamboos in tubs are excellent ornamental plants for courts, terraces, and formal gardens

FOR AZALEAS CAMELLIAS, ROSES

Write for
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ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING



The planting is largely responsible for the attractiveness of this home

Shrubs and Hedge Plants

NOTHING adds so much to the beauty of the home surroundings, nothing gives so much pleasure, as a good lawn and well-placed shrubs and vines. It is seldom indeed that a home in the country, suburbs, or town cannot be greatly improved in appearance by the judicious treatment of the grounds; and for this purpose both evergreen and flowering shrubs lend themselves admirably. Shrubbery is most effective in bringing out certain features of the lawn and softening harsh lines, to screen some unsightly building or object or to break the outline of foundation walls. The number which may be planted will be governed by the shape and extent of the grounds; but even the smallest lot has a place for a few. They should be planted in masses, in corners about the buildings, always leaving a goodly proportion of open lawn. The plants to be used will depend upon climate, location, character of soil, exposure, and the size and architecture of the building. Aside from their value in beautifying the grounds, they actually increase the money-value of a property. A city lot, for instance, with well-grown shade trees and shrubs, is decidedly more valuable and more easily disposed of, when offered for sale, than a piece of bare ground.

ABELIA grandiflora. The most satisfactory addition to the list of hedge plants in years. Can be pruned flat or rounded on top. Planted singly or in groups, will add a touch of beauty to the lawn all the year round. It is an evergreen shrub with glossy, dark green foliage. In winter when affected by cold the leaves turn a beautiful shade of bronze and look as though coated with varnish. The flowers are white, funnel shaped, tinted with pink, delicately sweet scented and borne in clusters from May until late in autumn.

Natural growth, bare-rooted.	Each	Per 10	100
8 to 12 inches.....	\$0 30	\$2 50	\$20 00
12 to 18 inches.....	40	3 50	30 00
18 to 24 inches.....	50	4 50	40 00
2 to 3 feet.....	70	6 50	60 00

Shapely plants, spade-balled.	Each	Per 10	100
12 to 18 inches.....	\$0 75	\$7 00	\$60 00
18 to 24 inches.....	1 00	9 00	80 00
2 to 3 feet.....	1 25	12 00	100 00
Sheared specimens, spade-balled.			
2 to 3 feet.....	2 50	22 50	200 00
3 to 4 feet.....	4 00	37 50	350 00
4 to 5 feet.....	7 50	60 00	500 00

ACACIA longifolia. Evergreen, densely branched and foliaged, willowy. Leaves long, narrow, dark green; flowers golden yellow in February and March. This is one of the very few Acacias suited to Florida conditions. Desirable for planting from middle Florida southward.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
6-inch pots.....	1 10	10 00
8-inch pots.....	1 75	16 50

SHRUBS AND HEDGE PLANTS, continued

ACALYPHA. Shrubs of this genus have highly colored foliage in shades of green, red, bronze, and yellow that place them among the most striking plants for use in the warmer parts of Florida where they are planted in the shrubbery border for specimens and for hedges.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

hispida (Chenille Plant). The leaves of this variety are large and green, while the flowers are produced in long, slender, drooping spikes.

macrophylla. A very large-leaved Acalypha, having foliage marked with shades of red, yellow, and green. It reaches a height of about 6 feet.

ALLAMANDA neriifolia. An evergreen shrub of dense habit, growing to a height of 6 to 8 feet. The leaves are large, dark green, growing in whorls on the branches. The flowers are deep yellow, trumpet shaped. This is a fine shrub for southern Florida where it grows splendidly, even on very light soils.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50
8-inch pots.....	1 25	11 50

ANDROMEDA nitida. A native evergreen shrub, with large, oblong, bright, shiny leaves. The flowers are sweet-scented, pinkish white, and are produced in early spring. Grows from 2 to 6 feet high and is recommended for planting in shady places.

	Each	Per 10
Medium plants, field-grown..	\$0 75	\$6 50
Strong plants, field-grown....	1 10	10 00

ARDISIA crenulata. A compact evergreen shrub with thick, dark green foliage and bright red berries which color during the late fall and persist through the winter. Fine for shade and half-shade. Reaches a height of about 2½ feet and is a slow grower.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$8 00
6-inch pots.....	1 00	9 00

AUCUBA japonica. This shrub, with its stout, round, green branches and rich, dark green, coarsely toothed leaves is so hardy that it may be grown in the open as far north as Washington, D. C. It is one of the best shrubs for shady locations. Since it is a slow grower it should have a rich, moist, well-drained soil for satisfactory results.

japonica aureo-maculata. In this variety of Aucuba, sometimes known as the Gold-Dust Tree, the leaves are dotted and splashed with yellow markings. Very satisfactory as an accent shrub in the border and for growing in pots and window-boxes.

Prices of both varieties.	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
6-inch pots.....	1 50	14 00

BACCHARIS halimifolia (Salt Bush). A native evergreen shrub with medium-sized, coarsely toothed leaves and rather upright branches. Fruiting plants produce an abundance of tiny seeds, clothed with pappus that gives the bushes a fluffy white appearance in autumn. It reaches a height of 8 to 10 feet, but may be kept at any desired height by pruning. It grows well on poorly drained soils and is most satisfactory for seaside planting, as it will stand ocean wind and salt spray without injury.

	Each	Per 10
Small plants.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
Large plants.....	75	6 50

BERBERIS sargentiana (Sargent's Barberry). An evergreen shrub with narrow-toothed, spiny leaves that on the new shoots are several different shades of green. This is a valuable shrub, reaching a height when full grown of about 6 feet.

	Each	Per 10
6-inch pots.....	\$1 10	\$10 00

BOTTLE BRUSH. A beautiful shrub, of rather slow growth, but finally reaching a height of about 15 feet. The leaves are narrow, pointed, dark green, and the flowers are bright red, in cylindrical brush-like spikes. They open in spring and continue in bloom for several weeks. The button-like seed-pods adhere to the branches for several years. Hardy from northern Florida southward and along the Atlantic coast farther north.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
6-inch pots.....	1 10	10 00
8-inch pots.....	1 75	16 50



Ardisia crenulata



Buddleia Lindleyana

SHRUBS AND HEDGE PLANTS, continued

BUDDLEIA. Important evergreen shrub of recent introduction. The flowers are produced in terminal racemes and somewhat resemble lilacs in general appearance. During the summer they remain constantly in bloom and attract butterflies in great numbers. A well-grown bed of Buddleias with butterflies of many different colors flitting over them is a unique and pleasing sight.

Excellent for cut-flowers.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50
8-inch pots.....	1 25	11 50



Rose Crape Myrtle. See page 17

Buddleia, continued

asiatica. A rapid-growing, winter-flowering evergreen shrub with long spikes of small white delicately scented flowers and large pointed leaves.

Eva Dudley. This hybrid variety flowers freely both summer and winter, unless its growth is checked by cold. Flowers lavender-pink with orange centers; fragrant.

Lindleyana. A handsome, upright, Chinese shrub six feet tall, with long gray-green foliage, and graceful spikes of pale purplish violet flowers nearly six inches long.

officinalis. A strong-growing shrub with delicate lilac-pink flowers in terminal racemes. Blooms during winter. Very fine.

CAMELLIA japonica. The Japonica of the South. A well-known shrub, with glossy green foliage and beautiful flowers. Dense and symmetrical in its growth. Winter blooming. The colors are white, pink, red, and variegated.

Pot-grown.	Each	Per 10
8 to 12 inches.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
12 to 18 inches.....	1 50	14 00
18 to 24 inches.....	2 50	22 50

Seedling Plants. These make very useful plants for the evergreen border and generally the flowers produced, most of them single, are very satisfactory. Adapted to the South.

sasanqua. A small-leaved, rather openly branched evergreen shrub, related to the well-known Japonica. The flowers are single, white or pink, about 3 inches across, with a cluster of yellow stamens in the center. It flowers in early autumn when few shrubs are in bloom. A slow grower, but reaches a height of 6 to 8 feet. Seedlings only.

SHRUBS AND HEDGE PLANTS, continued

Prices of *Camellia sasanqua* and Seedlings.

Pot-grown.	Each	Per 10
8 to 12 inches.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
12 to 18 inches.....	1 25	11 50
18 to 24 inches.....	2 00	18 50
Spade-balled.		
3 to 4 feet.....	5 00	
4 to 5 feet.....	8 00	

CESTRUM nocturnum. A shrub 6 to 9 feet high, adapted to south Florida; branches willowy, curved, producing creamy yellow flowers, fragrant at night.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

CLEYERA japonica. A fine evergreen shrub with rather thick, glossy leaves and creamy white, fragrant flowers. Berries red in winter. An upright grower, reaching a height of 10 to 12 feet.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
6-inch pots.....	1 10	10 00

COTONEASTER pannosa. A beautiful, hardy shrub, evergreen in the South. Leaves small, silvery beneath, green above. Flowers white, followed by red fruits.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
6-inch pots.....	1 10	10 00
8-inch pots.....	1 75	16 50

CRAPE MYRTLE (*Lagerstramia indica*). Vigorous, deciduous shrubs or small trees, reaching a height of 15 to 20 feet. The leaves are small, bright green and glossy. The flowers, which appear in spring, are fringed and colored in different shades of white, purple, and scarlet. The trees, when in blossom, are covered with large panicles of bloom and remain in flower for several weeks. Hardy, easily grown, and succeed on different soils. See color illustration on page 16.

Prices of all varieties.	Each	Per 10	100
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 50	\$4 50	\$40 00
3 to 5 feet.....	75	6 50	55 00
5 to 7 feet.....	1 25	10 00	90 00
Special.....	2 50	and up	

Purple. A grand sort, producing immense clusters of flowers of rich purple.

Rose. A very free-flowering old-rose Crape Myrtle. A valuable addition to our list.

Scarlet. Of handsome growth; a bright, showy plant with large bunches of scarlet flowers.

White. A pure white form with large clusters of flowers; very free blooming and a showy shrub in any landscape.

CUPHEA hyssopifolia. A dwarf shrub with pale lilac flowers and small leaves borne on slender twigs. As it is very compact in growth and may be pruned to shape, it can be used as a bedding plant, for edging plantings of larger shrubs, and for carpet bedding. Cuphea is easily grown and does well on light, sandy soils. It succeeds best in full sunshine.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

DURANTA plumieri (Golden Dewdrop). An evergreen shrub with dark green leaves and racemes of light blue flowers, followed by yellow berries that hang on throughout the

Duranta plumieri, continued

winter. It is rather tender but is planted as far north as northern Florida. It is sometimes frozen down in winter but grows out rapidly from the crown and soon flowers and fruits again. In southern Florida it makes a large-sized, beautiful shrub. The combination of golden fruit and sky-blue flowers makes this one of the most beautiful shrubs.

plumieri alba (White-flowered Golden Dew-drop). This variety is identical with the one above, except that its flowers are white instead of blue.

Prices of both varieties.	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

ELÆAGNUS pungens. A spreading evergreen shrub reaching a height of 6 feet; leaves dark green above, silvery beneath. Delights in a bright, sunny location and is adapted to a wide range of conditions.

pungens variegata. A very desirable variegated form with light green leaves edged with yellowish white.

Prices of both varieties.	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
6-inch pots.....	1 10	10 00

FEIJOA Sellowiana. A hardy, compact evergreen shrub with dark green foliage, grayish beneath, and purplish flowers. It is closely related to the guavas and is a valuable addition to our list of shrubs.

	Each	Per 10
8-inch pots.....	\$1 25	\$11 50

Field-grown, spade-balled.		
12 to 18 inches.....	1 50	12 50
18 to 24 inches.....	2 00	17 50

HIBISCUS rosa-sinensis. Showy evergreen shrubs with glossy leaves and large, brightly-colored flowers 4 to 5 inches across. They are amongst the most gorgeous and satisfactory shrubs that may be grown out-of-doors in south Florida, or under glass in the North. Under suitable conditions they bloom almost continuously, and the large bright flowers are very striking.

Prices of all varieties.	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

Double Pink. Flowers very large, rich pink in color. One of the handsomest.

Giganteus. Single flowers of immense size, vivid crimson-scarlet in color.

Grandiflora. Flowers single, very large, beautiful shade of pink. Very fine.

Peach Blow. Flowers double, light pink with dark centers. A very beautiful variety.

Shell-Pink. A new variety, with beautiful single shell-pink flowers of medium size.

Single Pink. A single-flowered form with large flowers.

Single Salmon. A good shade of salmon-yellow with red center.

Single Scarlet. Similar to the single pink but a deep, dazzling scarlet in color.

Versicolor. Flowers single, scarlet, shaded light yellow, with deep red center.

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING

SHRUBS AND HEDGE PLANTS, continued



Hedge of Ilex vomitoria

HYDRANGEA hortensis. A very ornamental group of deciduous shrubs adapted for southern outdoor planting. They make an excellent showing in massed plantings and are well adapted to shady and half-shady locations. The white varieties bloom true to color; the others may be either pink or blue, depending on soil and cultural conditions. If blue flowers are desired, grow the plants in an acid muck or peat soil. Pink flowers may be secured by using lime liberally.

Prices of all varieties.	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50
8-inch pots.....	1 25	11 50

Avalanche. Fine, large, white variety, very beautiful and fine for lawn planting.

E. G. Hill. Flowers either pink or baby blue; flower trusses of immense size; a fine grower and very satisfactory.

General de Vibraye. Blue or pink; vigorous grower; large trusses of large flowers.

Mme. E. Mouillere. Pure white; very free flowering; one of the finest sorts.

Mousseline. Blue with cream-colored center, or pink; strong, upright grower, producing immense clusters of large flowers.

Otaksa. A splendid Hydrangea with bright green foliage and large trusses of blue or pink flowers. It is a strong grower.

ILEX glabra (Inkberry). Much-branched native evergreen shrub, with bright shiny green, roundish leaves; fruit black. Well adapted for growing in clumps. Will succeed under very adverse conditions. Splendid for massing in shady locations. Height 3 to 4 feet.

	Each	Per 10
Small, branched.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
Large, branched.....	75	6 50

cornuta (Chinese Holly). This shrubby Holly is of slow growth, reaching a height of 6 to 8 feet, and the spreading branches form a thick head. The thick, bright, shiny leaves are tipped with three stout spines at the apex and usually are armed with two on the sides.

vomitoria (Yaupon). A native evergreen Holly with small foliage, compact bushy head and bright red berries produced in great profusion. This is one of our most desirable shrubs for foundation, border and hedge planting. Reaches a height of 10 to 12 feet if left unpruned.

Prices of Ilex cornuta and vomitoria.

Bare-rooted.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$1 25	\$11 50
3 to 4 feet.....	1 50	12 50
4 to 6 feet.....	2 00	17 50
6 to 8 feet.....	3 50	30 00

Spade-balled.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	2 50	22 50
3 to 4 feet.....	3 50	32 50
4 to 6 feet.....	4 50	42 50
6 to 8 feet.....	7 50	70 00

Sheared specimens, \$10 to \$25 each.



A Lantana Hedge

SHRUBS AND HEDGE PLANTS, continued

IXORA coccinea. An evergreen shrub of spreading habit, with large leaves and orange-red, star-shaped flowers in flat-topped clusters. This is one of the most desirable of the flowering shrubs for southern Florida.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
6-inch pots.....	1 10	10 00

JASMINUM floridum. A hardy shrub with glossy dark green foliage and golden yellow star-shaped flowers a half inch in diameter, opening in spring and summer. A very desirable and valuable species.

humile. A dark evergreen much-branched shrub with compound leaves; flowers bright yellow, borne in clusters. Hardy. A very fine plant.

primulinum. An evergreen shrub with arching branches and dark green leaves; bright yellow flowers produced in early spring. A splendid plant for banks, walls, and fences where its slender branches can hang over.

Prices on three preceding varieties.

	Each	Per 10
Bare-rooted.		
12 to 18 inches.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
2 to 3 feet.....	75	6 50
3 to 4 feet.....	1 10	10 00
4 to 5 feet.....	1 50	
Spade-balled.		
12 to 18 inches.....	1 00	9 00
2 to 3 feet.....	1 50	12 50
3 to 4 feet.....	2 25	20 00
4 to 5 feet.....	3 50	

LANTANAS. Beautiful, showy, easily grown shrubs which may be grown in almost any soil; very free-flowering. Can be furnished in white, yellow, orange, lilac, and red. The weeping Lantana, with deep lilac flowers, makes a fine ground-cover and is excellent for window-boxes.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50

LIGUSTRUM lucidum. Hardy. A broad-leaved evergreen shrub of compact growth, with dark glossy green foliage. In north Florida the white-panicked flowers are produced during May and are followed by black berries. A desirable shrub for planting on the grounds and also for foundation and border planting. Very handsome. It does not appear to be particular about soil conditions, and can usually be planted with assurance of success.

	Each	Per 10
Spade-balled.		
1 to 1½ feet.....	\$0 60	\$5 00
1½ to 2 feet.....	1 00	9 00
2 to 3 feet.....	1 50	14 00
3 to 4 feet.....	2 00	17 50
4 to 5 feet.....	4 00	37 50

LEUCOTHOË axillaris. Beautiful native evergreen shrub with spreading recurved branches and glossy dark green leaves, producing in spring numerous small white flowers in racemes. Splendid for shade.

	Each	Per 10
Fine plants.....	\$0 75	\$6 50



Ligustrum lucidum

MAGNOLIA fuscata. A very splendid broad-leaved evergreen shrub suitable for culture throughout the South. Reaches a height of from 10 to 12 feet. Flowers yellowish white, with banana-like fragrance. Very desirable.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
6-inch pots.....	1 50	14 00
8-inch pots.....	2 50	

Soulangeana nigra. A deciduous early-flowering Magnolia, well adapted for planting throughout northern and central Florida. The flowers are tulip-shaped, purple on the outside, lighter colored within, produced with or before the leaves.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$3 00	\$27 50
3 to 4 feet.....	5 00	

MALPIGHIA coccigera. A small, beautiful evergreen shrub with holly-like, dark, glossy green leaves. The flowers are light pink, followed by red berries. Adapted to southern Florida, where it may be used in the front of the border or for a low hedge.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50

MALVAVISCUS grandiflora. A very handsome free-flowering shrub, resembling a hibiscus in growth, but with drooping bright scarlet flowers. It is a satisfactory shrub even in northern Florida, for though sometimes cut back by frost, it comes back quickly and blooms during summer.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

MYRICA cerifera. A native evergreen shrub with a dense head of olive-green foliage. It is adapted to a wide range of soil conditions and is a very satisfactory seaside plant. Berries gray and covered with wax.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
3 to 4 feet.....	1 25	11 00

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING

SHRUBS AND HEDGE PLANTS, continued



Oleander

NANDINA domestica. An evergreen Japanese shrub which grows well in either sun or shade and is not particular as to soil conditions if the drainage is good. The white flowers are produced in panicles and are followed by red berries. The new foliage is tinted with pink and in winter becomes a beautiful red color from the effects of cold. When old, the plants will reach a height of 6 to 8 feet.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
6-inch pots.....	1 10	10 00

Spade-balled.		
12 to 18 inches.....	2 00	17 50
18 to 24 inches.....	2 50	22 50
2 to 3 feet.....	3 50	32 50
3 to 4 feet.....	5 00	45 00

OLEA fragrans (Sweet or Tea Olive). Bright glossy foliage and small, white, sweet-scented flowers. Blooms for a long time in winter and early spring.

Prices of <i>Olea fragrans</i>	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
6-inch pots.....	1 50	14 00
8-inch pots.....	2 00	17 50

OLEANDER (*Nerium Oleander*). Very satisfactory, free-blooming evergreen shrubs, adapted for outdoor planting in Florida and the Gulf Coast regions. The leaves are long, narrow-pointed, bright, while the flowers are very showy and produced freely. Planted singly in groups or in hedges, they are a valuable addition to any lawn.

Bare-rooted.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
3 to 4 feet.....	75	6 50
4 to 5 feet.....	1 00	9 00

Spade-balled.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	75	6 50
3 to 4 feet.....	1 25	11 50
4 to 5 feet.....	2 00	17 50
5 to 7 feet.....	3 50	30 00

Double Pink. A fine variety, with large, double pink flowers. Very hardy.

Madonna Grandiflora. A strong-growing variety, with white, semi-double flowers.

Shell-Pink. A very fine variety of Oleander with beautiful shell-pink flowers.

Single Pink. A very showy, single pink variety of strong growth.

Single White. A very free-flowering form with large masses of flowers. Very hardy.

OSMANTHUS. Large-growing, hardy, evergreen shrubs with dark green leaves and white, fragrant flowers. They make very handsome plants and are well adapted to the South, growing well in partial shade.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
6-inch pots.....	1 50	14 00
8-inch pots.....	2 00	17 50

aquifolium. The oval leaves of this variety are spiny, like those of holly, and the flowers are borne in small clusters. It is a very satisfactory shrub.

Fortunei. The leaves are larger than those of Aquifolium. It is a very compact grower and a desirable shrub for the grounds.



Pittosporum Tobira makes a beautiful hedge



Plumbago capensis. An exceedingly handsome blue-flowering shrub. One of the few in that rare color

SHRUBS AND HEDGE PLANTS, continued

PHYLLANTHUS. Beautiful shrubs with dark zig-zag branches and thin medium-sized leaves. Very beautiful when grown singly or in clumps. Fine for south Florida.

nivosus roseo-pictus. A handsome shrub with beautiful foliage in various shades of green, white, pink, and red.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

PITTOSPORUM. A broad-leaved evergreen shrub with bright foliage and white, sweet-scented flowers in spring. Unsurpassed for seaside planting; not particular as to soil conditions but must have good drainage.

Prices of both varieties.	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 60	\$5 50
6-inch pots.....	1 00	9 00
8-inch pots.....	1 50	14 00

Field-grown, spade-balled.

12 to 18-inch spread.....	2 50	22 50
18 to 24-inch spread.....	3 25	30 00
2 to 3-foot spread.....	4 50	42 50
3 to 4-foot spread.....	6 50	60 00

Tobira. Hardy; foliage dark green, shiny. Can be pruned to any desired shape; grows well in shade. Makes a fine hedge.

Tobira variegatum. Has light green foliage variegated white; fine and showy.

POMEGRANATE, FLOWERING (*Punica*).

These shrubs are among the most satisfactory for general planting. Beautiful flowers in various shades of white and pink produced all summer.

	Each	Per 10
1-year plants.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
2-year plants.....	75	6 50

Double White. A strong-growing variety with long, double, creamy white flowers.

Mme. Legrelle. Pink, marked with crimson veins; very full and double.

PLUMBAGO capensis. A very showy, low-growing evergreen shrub producing an abundance of light blue flowers. It may be grown as a climber, as a shrub, or used as a hedge plant.

capensis alba. A white-flowered form, similar in every way to the blue variety. A desirable white shrub.

Prices of both varieties.	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

PRUNUS Laurocerasus (English Laurel). A very beautiful evergreen shrub or small tree with large, bright green foliage. A splendid plant for combining with other shrubs in the border for foliage effects.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
6-inch pots.....	1 10	10 00

PYRACANTHA (Fire Thorn). Evergreen shrubs with small, narrow leaves, thorny branches, white flowers in small clusters, and bright red or orange-colored fruits in winter. They are very beautiful shrubs, adapted to sunny locations. See varieties below.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
6-inch pots.....	1 10	10 00

angustifolia. Spreading in growth, with long, narrow leaves; orange-yellow berries produced in great abundance.

coccinea Lalandi. A spiny shrub with bright orange-red fruits throughout the winter.

crenulata yunnanensis. Leaves bright green, glossy; fruits shining coral-red. A very desirable shrub.

RAPHIOLEPIS indica (Indian Hawthorn). A fine evergreen shrub, reaching a height of about 5 feet. Leaves roundish, thick, dark green. Flowers white, or pinkish white, in flat bunches, sweet-scented. Hardy.

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING

SHRUBS AND HEDGE PLANTS, continued

Raphiolepis japonica. A handsome, hardy evergreen shrub, about 12 feet high with good bright green foliage and dense clusters of white flowers at the tips of the branches in spring. An upright and fairly rapid grower. This is a very desirable shrub. Valuable for seashore planting.

Prices of both varieties.	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
6-inch pots.....	1 10	10 00
Spade-balled (Japonica only).		
12 to 18 in.....	2 00	17 50
18 to 24 in.....	2 50	22 50

SCHINUS terebinthifolius. An evergreen shrub with dark green, compound leaves and scarlet berries in winter. It is a native of Brazil and a close relative of the California Pepper tree. It will be found a very satisfactory shrub in Florida from Orlando southward.

	Each	Per 10
8-inch pots.....	\$1 25	\$11 50

SERISSA foetida variegata. A low-growing, much-branched evergreen shrub, reaching a height of about 2 feet; leaves dark green, yellow margined; flowers small, white, trumpet-shaped; very desirable where a low-growing shrub is required. Fine subject for edging groups of larger plants and carrying the foliage mass of larger shrubs down to the ground.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

SEVERINIA buxifolia. A low-growing, hardy evergreen shrub closely related to citrus. The leaves are small, bright, dark green. Flowers sweet-scented, followed by bright black fruit. It makes a satisfactory hedge. Very satisfactory as a low-growing shrub.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 60	\$5 00
6-inch pots.....	1 00	9 00

SPIRÆA. The Spireas can be planted in masses, around borders or in beds, with excellent results. They bear a profusion of showy flowers in early spring, and a group planting makes a showy mass.

Prices of all varieties.	Each	Per 10
1-year plants.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
2-year plants.....	75	6 50
3-year plants.....	1 10	10 00

Anthony Waterer. A free-flowering, rather dwarf deciduous Spirea with upright branches and an abundance of brilliant carmine flowers. If the old flowers are cut off as they fade, it will bloom almost continuously through the summer. The leaves are green, with yellow variegations.

cantoniensis. Compact-branching shrub, 3 to 4 feet in height, producing a dense mass of pure white flowers; very desirable.

cantoniensis, Double. This is a very beautiful double-flowered form, corresponding in other respects with the single one. The flowers, however, are better distributed through the bush and last longer.



A shrub border showing the graceful, cascading habit of the snowy white Spireas



SHRUBS AND HEDGE PLANTS, continued

Spiraea, continued

Vanhouttei. Branches long and arching; leaves dark green; flowers produced in clusters along the branches; hardy. This *Spiraea* is very often known as "Bridal Wreath."

For prices of *Spiraea*; see page 22

SURINAM CHERRY. An evergreen shrub with bright green glossy leaves and producing cherry-like ribbed fruit of delightful subacid flavor. It makes an attractive and unique ornament for the home grounds and is a splendid hedge plant. Adapted to southern Florida and similar climates.

	Each	Per 10
2-inch pots.....	\$0 30	\$2 50
4-inch pots.....	50	4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

TABERNÆMONTANA coronaria. An evergreen shrub with dark glossy green leaves and double white, sweet-scented flowers. It resembles the Cape Jasmine. Half hardy.
coronaria grandiflora. A beautiful shrub with large, glossy green leaves and pure white, scented flowers. This is a particularly fine shrub for southern Florida, where it reaches a height of about 6 feet.

Prices of both varieties.	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

TEA PLANT (*Camellia Thea*). An evergreen shrub usually reaching a height, with us, of 8 to 10 feet unless pruned back. Large, oval, serrate leaves; white, fragrant flowers 1½ to 2 inches in diameter. A very fine hedge may be made with Tea Plants.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
2 to 3 feet.....	75	6 50
3 to 4 feet.....	1 25	10 00

Spade-balled.

1 to 2 feet.....	1 00	9 00
2 to 3 feet.....	1 50	14 00
3 to 4 feet.....	2 50	22 50

TECOMA capensis. This strong-growing evergreen shrub may be grown either as a shrub or as a climber. The leaves are dark green and the bright scarlet flowers are produced at intervals throughout the summer. Tender; adapted from middle Florida southward.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

THUNBERGIA erecta. A very handsome, densely branched evergreen shrub, adapted to southern Florida or for pot-culture farther north. It grows to a height of 5 to 6 feet. The flowers are trumpet shaped, blue-purple, with deep yellow throat, and the handsome foliage is dark green.

erecta alba. This is a white-flowered form of *T. erecta*, differing from the type in having white flowers with yellow throats.

Prices of both varieties.	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

VIBURNUM. The Viburnums offered below are all evergreen shrubs with white, sweet-scented flowers. They have proved to be very desirable garden shrubs for the South.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 60	\$5 00
6-inch pots.....	1 00	9 00
8-inch pots.....	1 50	14 00
Spade-balled, field-grown.		
12 to 18 inches.....	2 00	17 50
18 to 24 inches.....	2 50	22 50

macrophyllum. An upright, evergreen shrub with bright shiny leaves that look as though varnished. It is a striking shrub, very satisfactory and dependable.

odoratissimum. The leaves are broad and glossy and the shoots brownish tinted when young. The flowers are white, fragrant, and produced in large panicles.

suspensum. This is a fine shrub of spreading habit adapted to either sun or shade. The flowers are white, sweet scented, and produced in clusters suspended from the branches.

YUCCA aloifolia. Of plants adapted to seaside conditions and for growing on poor, sandy soils, this is one of the most valuable. The leaves are long, narrow, rigid, spine-tipped. The flowers are yellowish white, large, borne in gorgeous spikes from the center of the leafy crown.

	Each	Per 10	100
12 to 18 inches.....	\$0 75	\$6 50	\$50 00
18 to 24 inches.....	1 00	9 00	75 00



Yucca aloifolia

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING

Shade Trees

NOWHERE in the country is shade so acceptable or so necessary as in the South. Whether in park or city street, country road or lawn, Shade Trees are valued not as luxuries, but as necessities for health and comfort. Nothing adds more to the home grounds, nothing so improves the appearance of town or city, as well-placed, healthy, vigorous Shade Trees.

The list of trees which is offered to our customers we can strongly recommend. They are carefully grown and trained. The roots are well developed and the stems are straight. They are given the same care that we give all our fruit trees. Grown in nursery rows for a number of years, our Shade Trees are vastly superior in every way to the trees which may be obtained from the woods and transplanted to the home grounds.

ALBIZZIA Julibrissin. A small deciduous tree with low, spreading, flat-topped head and finely divided, dark green, compound leaves. Flowers pink, showy, borne in large bunches at the ends of the branches. Handsome, rapid-growing. It blooms in summer and is entirely hardy.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
6-inch pots.....	1 10	10 00
8-inch pots.....	1 75	16 50



Camphor Tree and spray of foliage

ANISE TREE (*Illicium anisatum*). A handsome, hardy, broad-leaved, evergreen shrub or small tree, reaching a height of 10 to 12 feet. Leaves anise-scented when bruised. It is narrow and upright in habit of growth, and very hardy. With a little care in pruning and training it may be grown with a compact mass of dark green foliage.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50
8-inch pots.....	1 25	11 50
Spade-balled.		
2 to 3 feet.....	1 50	14 00
3 to 4 feet.....	2 00	17 50
4 to 6 feet.....	3 00	27 50
6 to 8 feet.....	4 50	40 00

AUSTRALIAN SILK OAK (*Grevillea robusta*). A tree with fern-like foliage; rapid grower, well adapted to southern Florida.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
3 to 4 feet.....	75	6 50
4 to 6 feet.....	1 00	9 00

BAUHINIA alba. Very similar to *B. purpurea* but producing a fine showing of handsome pure white flowers late in the winter and early spring.

purpurea. A small or shrubby almost evergreen tree, with large flowers in different shades of light blue to dark purple, produced during winter and spring in great profusion. Hardy in Central Florida.

Prices of Bauhinia alba and purpurea.	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

CAMPHOR (*Cinnamomum Camphora*). One of the finest broad-leaved evergreen trees for Florida and the Lower South. It is a good grower and well adapted for general planting either as a shade or yard tree or for wind-breaks.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
6-inch pots.....	75	6 50

CHERRY LAUREL. A fine native broad-leaved evergreen tree with bright shiny leaves, reaching a height of 30 to 40 feet when full grown. May be pruned in any shape. Fine for hedges and screens.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$1 25	\$11 50
3 to 4 feet.....	2 00	17 50
4 to 5 feet.....	3 50	30 00
5 to 6 feet.....	5 00	45 00
Specimens.....	\$8 00 to 15 00	

American Holly (*Ilex opaca*)

SHADE TREES, continued

HOLLIES. These fine evergreen trees are at home all over the South. They are not surpassed in beauty by any of our broad-leaved evergreens. We are now in position to offer three varieties, all grafted from selected fruit-bearing trees. We can furnish all three species with balls of earth if desired.

Bare-rooted.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.	\$1 25	\$11 50
3 to 4 feet.	1 50	12 50
4 to 6 feet.	2 00	17 50
6 to 8 feet.	3 50	30 00
Spade-balled.		
2 to 3 feet.	2 50	22 50
3 to 4 feet.	3 50	32 50
4 to 6 feet.	4 50	42 50
6 to 8 feet.	7 50	70 00
Specimens, \$10 to \$100 each.		

American Holly (*Ilex opaca*). The Christmas Holly. Its bright green, spiny leaves and brilliant scarlet berries make it one of our handsomest evergreen shade trees.

Dahoon Holly (*Ilex Daboon*). Leaves bright and glossy, branches literally covered with bright red berries. One of the most valuable broad-leaved evergreens in our list and we strongly recommend it.

Myrtle-leaved Holly (*Ilex myrtifolia*). This attractive evergreen Holly has small, bright green leaves, and produces bright red berries.

EUCALYPTUS. Rapid-growing evergreen Australian trees, many of which do splendidly in Florida. We have made a careful selection of the most desirable sorts. They are all pot-grown and easily transplanted.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.	\$0 50	\$4 50
3 to 4 feet.	75	6 50
4 to 6 feet.	1 00	9 00

rudis. Very fine for street planting; withstands extremes of both heat and cold.

Eucalyptus, continued

robusta (Swamp Mahogany). A rapid-growing tree, with spreading, reddish branches, large, oval, dark green, pointed leaves and rough, dark brown bark. Perhaps the most desirable Eucalyptus for shade.

rostrata. Grows well under a great variety of conditions. Leaves long, narrow, and pointed. Stands extremes of heat and cold.

tereticornis. A valuable timber Eucalyptus, well adapted to trying conditions. Leaves rounded, resembling a poplar leaf.

viminialis. A very handsome Eucalyptus, with long, pendulous branches. This species is one of the hardiest and for 6 years has withstood the winters at Glen Saint Mary with only occasional partial freezing back.

FLOWERING PLUM. The flowering cherries of Japan are world-famed, but Japan owes more of her winter and early spring color to her Flowering Plums. The cherries are not adapted to the Lower South, but the Plums are splendid. This Plum is one of the finest small-sized deciduous trees for planting in the South. In northern Florida it blooms in January, before the leaves appear, producing a gorgeous mass of double, pink, sweet-scented flowers.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.	\$0 75	\$6 50
3 to 4 feet.	1 00	9 00

FLOWERING WILLOW (*Chilopsis linearis*). A small, deciduous tree with spreading, crooked branches and narrow, pointed, willow-like foliage. Its tubular, lilac flowers are produced in early summer. Height 12 to 15 feet.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.	\$0 75	\$6 50
3 to 4 feet.	1 00	9 00
4 to 6 feet.	1 25	11 50

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING

SHADE TREES, continued

FRAXINUS velutina (Rio Grande Ash). A rapid-growing deciduous tree, particularly adapted for planting on moist soils and on those which may be salt. The leaves are dark green, glossy, and clothe the tree throughout most of the year. It is a rapid grower, reaching a height of about 40 feet.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
4 to 6 feet.....	1 00	8 50

GORDONIA Lasianthus. A fine evergreen tree, reaching a height of 50 to 60 feet, with large, dark green, shiny leaves. Flowers white, resembling small magnolias, and borne freely on young trees. Grows satisfactorily on different types of soil.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$1 25	\$11 50
3 to 4 feet.....	1 50	12 50
4 to 6 feet.....	2 00	17 50
6 to 8 feet.....	3 50	30 00

KÖELREUTERIA formosana. A small or medium-sized tree with deciduous foliage resembling that of the Texas Umbrella. Flowers yellow, in large panicles in early fall, followed by beautiful pink fruits.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
3 to 4 feet.....	75	6 50
4 to 6 feet.....	1 00	8 50

DOGWOOD, White (*Cornus florida*). A small deciduous tree, with spreading, bushy top and bright green leaves. The flowers, with their large, white bracts, appearing in spring before the leaves, make the Dogwood one of the most striking ornamental trees. The showy, bright scarlet fruit ripens in autumn, making it very attractive at this season.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
3 to 4 feet.....	1 00	9 00
4 to 6 feet.....	1 25	11 50
6 to 8 feet.....	2 00	17 50

MAGNOLIA glauca (Sweet Bay). This beautiful Magnolia, evergreen in the South, has small sweet-scented flowers and bright green leaves that are silvery gray beneath. The color of the top of *M. glauca* is variable. When blown by the wind, it is gray-green; when still, it is green. Very fine and desirable.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$1 25	\$11 50
3 to 4 feet.....	1 50	12 50
4 to 6 feet.....	2 00	17 50

grandiflora. Grandest broad-leaved evergreen of the southern forests. Leaves large, bright shining green above, usually coated with brownish hairs beneath. Flowers beautiful, often 8 to 10 inches across, waxy white, lemon-scented, produced throughout a period of two to three months. *M. grandiflora* is without a superior among broad-leaved evergreen trees anywhere in the world.

Prices of Magnolia grandiflora.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$1 25	\$11 50
3 to 4 feet.....	1 50	12 50
4 to 6 feet.....	2 00	17 50
6 to 8 feet.....	3 50	30 00
8 to 10 feet.....	6 00	50 00

Machine-balled and burlapped.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	3 50	30 00
3 to 4 feet.....	4 50	40 00
4 to 6 feet.....	6 00	55 00
6 to 8 feet.....	10 00	90 00

Specimens, \$15 to \$100 each.

MAPLE, Scarlet (*Acer rubrum*). One of our handsomest Maples, growing to large size, with moderately spreading branches. The leaves are three to five-pointed, light green above, white beneath, changing to vivid shades of scarlet and gold in autumn.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 6 feet.....	\$1 00	\$8 50
6 to 8 feet.....	1 40	12 50
8 to 10 feet.....	2 25	20 00
Special.....	3 00 and up	



White Flowering Dogwood (*Cornus florida*)

SHADE TREES, continued



Cercis canadensis (Red-Bud)

OAK (*Quercus*). Long-lived, of rapid growth, with graceful, rounded tops. The Oaks are among our most valuable and common shade and ornamental trees and can be grown almost anywhere.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
4 to 6 feet.....	1 25	11 50
6 to 8 feet.....	2 00	17 50
8 to 10 feet.....	3 50	30 00
Special.....	6 00 and up	

Laurel (*Quercus laurifolia*). A medium- or large-sized almost evergreen tree, with thick, rounded head and slender branches. The leaves are oblong, sometimes lobed, dark green. A handsome shade and avenue tree, and of commanding appearance as single specimens.

Live Oak. A fine long-lived evergreen tree, native to the South. Its symmetrical shape and dark, glossy green leaves make it a very handsome and desirable tree for lawn planting. Our stock is produced from a very fine type.

POPLAR (*Populus Simoni*). A tall, rapid-growing, small-leaved deciduous Chinese Poplar of upright, pyramidal habit, more beautiful than Lombardy, and better adapted to the Lower South. Meyer's introduction.

Prices of Poplar	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
4 to 6 feet.....	1 00	8 50
6 to 8 feet.....	1 40	12 50
8 to 10 feet.....	2 25	20 00

RED-BUD (*Judas Tree; Cercis canadensis*). A small deciduous tree, 20 to 30 feet high, with rounded handsome leaves, producing an abundance of rosy pink flowers in early spring which make it an attractive object in any landscape. Plant on well-drained land.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
3 to 4 feet.....	1 00	9 00
4 to 6 feet.....	1 25	11 50
6 to 8 feet.....	2 00	17 50

SWEET GUM (*Liquidambar styraciflua*). Rapid-growing, native deciduous tree. Branches often corky winged. Leaves bright green, five to seven-pointed; in autumn brilliantly colored in shades of red and crimson.

Makes a handsome shade tree.	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet.....	\$0 75	\$6 50
4 to 6 feet.....	1 00	8 50
6 to 8 feet.....	1 40	12 50
8 to 10 feet.....	2 25	20 00
Special.....	6 00 and up	

SYCAMORE (*Platanus americana*). Among deciduous trees the Sycamore is one of the most rapid-growing. It is easily transplanted, even in large sizes. The white trunk, wide-spreading branches, and large leaves mark it as an unusual and attractive long-lived tree.

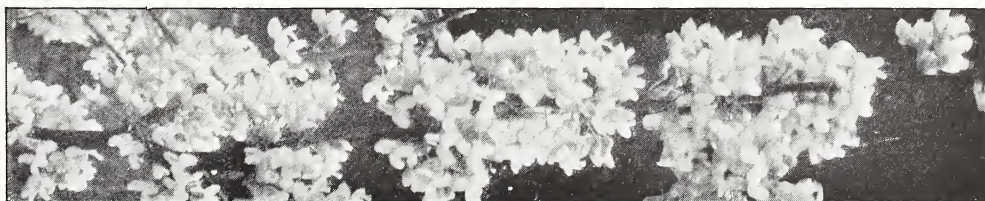
	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 feet.....	\$1 40	\$12 50
8 to 10 feet.....	2 25	20 00
Special.....	3 00 and up	

TEXAS UMBRELLA. A medium-sized deciduous tree, with flat, umbrella-like top. Foliage finely divided, dark green, casting a dense shade. A very desirable shade tree.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
3 to 4 feet.....	75	6 50
4 to 6 feet.....	1 00	8 50
6 to 8 feet.....	1 40	12 50

WHITE JUDAS TREE (*Cercis canadensis alba*). A very beautiful variety of Red-bud or Judas Tree with pure white flowers. It is one of the most attractive of the early spring-flowering trees and worthy of a place in any garden.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
3 to 4 feet.....	1 50	12 50
4 to 6 feet.....	2 00	17 50
6 to 8 feet.....	3 00	25 00



Showing the dense flower clusters of the White Judas Tree

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING



Plant and cane of *Bambusa argentea striata*

Bambusa verticillata; *Bambusa disticha*

Bamboos

THERE are no more beautiful plants than the Bamboos. The long, willowy canes and fine foliage give a delicate, pleasing effect. Under suitable climatic conditions they will grow on very poor soil, if well supplied with plant-food. Good drainage they should have, and moisture in abundance they need. Either organic commercial fertilizer or stable manure may be used to good advantage. The large-growing varieties of Bamboos make excellent windbreaks, and are also valuable for tall hedges and as screens for unsightly buildings or other objects. They may be used for hedges, low or high. For tropical effects they are unsurpassed. All varieties are hardy at Glen Saint Mary, and two, *Arundinaria japonica* and *Phyllostachys aurea*, are hardy to Washington, D. C.

Arundinaria japonica (*Bambusa metake*). This running Bamboo reaches a height of 15 feet when well grown. Leaves large and broad. Though a running variety it is readily grown in clumps by cutting or breaking off the new shoots that come up at a distance from the main clump. Hardier than any of the Bamboos listed.

Bambusa argentea. A clump Bamboo with small green canes and green leaves. It is one of the best for pruned hedges and screens. When left unpruned it grows to a height of about 25 to 30 feet.

Bambusa argentea striata. In this variety of clump Bamboo the canes are green, striped with yellow near the base. The leaves are green, variegated with whitish stripes. This variegation is quite pronounced when the leaves are young, scarcely noticeable when old. It grows to 40 feet and forms large clumps.

Bambusa argentea, argentea striata, aurea, metake, disticha, and verticillata.

	Each	Per 10
Small clumps. 6 to 10 canes.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
Strong clumps. 12 to 18 canes.....	1 50	12 50
Extra-strong. 20 or more canes.....	2 50	and up.

Pruned Specimens, Argentea only. These have well-shaped heads about 2 to 2½ feet high and of equal spread. Very formal. \$2.50 each; \$22.50 for 10.

Bambusa disticha (*Arundinaria falcata*). Fern-leaved Bamboo. One of the handsomest of the hardy clump Bamboos. The canes are small and a well-grown clump rarely exceeds 15 feet in height. Its foliage is fine, small, and fern-like, gray-green on the under side, green above. Clumps occasionally show a break toward a larger-leaved form.

Bambusa verticillata. The yellow canes of this upright growing clump Bamboo are striped with green. It grows to a height of about 30 feet.

Phyllostachys aurea (*Bambusa aurea*). A running Bamboo with yellow canes. It may be readily grown in clumps by cutting out the distant canes as they come up. The clumps formed by this variety have a distinct, open, and graceful appearance, quite different from other Bamboos. Very hardy.



A fine Centipede Grass Lawn

Lawn Grasses and Ground-Covers

WITHOUT a lawn, an open space covered with good turf, the beauty of the home setting cannot be realized, no landscape planting is complete, and no garden is finished. It is the canvas on which the whole garden picture is spread, and, difficult though the securing of a good lawn may be, it is worth all the time and trouble given to its making and to its upkeep.

In the Lower South, lawns may be covered with a number of different grasses, the most important of which are given below. Two or more of these may be used together, or only one. Though some of these are occasionally established by seeding, they are nearly always planted with cuttings. The best planting season is in spring and summer, though Far South lawns may be set in winter. In the colder sections, where grasses usually turn brown in winter good effects can be secured by sowing Italian rye seed in the lawn. This does no injury to the permanent grass, and the bright green of the rye makes a very pleasing appearance during the winter season.

The soil should be well filled with humus, rich, well prepared, and made fine, as for planting flower seeds. Grass cuttings are commonly planted in rows 12 x 12 inches or 12 x 6 inches. A bushel of grass contains from 1,500 to 2,000 cuttings. Water must be used freely until the cuttings are rooted and the ground kept free of weeds until the surface is covered. Commercial fertilizer, the ammonia in which is derived largely from organic sources, is necessary for good results. Under most conditions, three applications—spring, midsummer, and autumn, at the rate of three pounds per 100 square feet each time—should be made and immediately washed down into the roots of the grass with water from the hose. Frequent cutting, once or twice weekly, is necessary, and the *clippings should never be removed*. Running grasses of the kinds used in the South must not be cut closely.

Sometimes it is impossible to secure a good grass lawn in certain places. This is often the case on the barren, root-filled soil beneath trees, on hard, poor soils, and on steep, sloping banks. In such locations it is usually best not to attempt grass at all, but to use a ground-cover plant of some other kind. Fortunately, there are several plants that give very satisfactory results when used in this way.

LAWN GRASSES

Bermuda Grass (*Cynodon dactylon*). A fine-leaved grass which has long been a favorite for lawn purposes in the Lower South. Grows with surface and underground running stems. Very hardy. \$2 per bus. cuttings.

Carpet Grass (*Axonopus compressus*). This is a valuable lawn grass which is coming into very general use. It resembles St. Augustine Grass in habit of growth. Retains its color well in cool weather. \$2 per bus. cuttings.

Centipede Grass. In 1919, a new grass, *Eremochloa ophiuroides*, to which the common name Centipede Grass has been applied, was introduced from China by the United States Department of Agriculture. In China it is highly esteemed as a lawn and pasture grass. It was thoroughly tested at the Florida Experiment Station where we secured it in April, 1925. Since then it has been widely distributed and tested in different localities on different soil

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING

Centipede Grass, continued

types. Under all conditions it has given satisfaction, and for light soils it has no superior.

Centipede Grass grows rapidly and covers the ground with branching surface runners. It does not appear to make much difference when it is set out, and we have successfully transplanted it in every month from January to October. Of course, it grows most quickly during moist summer weather. It is not attacked by chinch bugs or mole crickets.

The leaves are not so fine as those of Bermuda, which they resemble in color, nor yet so coarse as those of Carpet and St. Augustine Grasses. It stands cutting well and makes a very close, well-covered lawn. Beyond being turned brown, it is not affected by cold weather in northern Florida, and it appears to be quite as hardy as Bermuda. Because it roots deeply, it is not readily injured by drying, and even if it be dried and withered it comes back green and vigorous when watered.

A bushel of Centipede Grass will make about 1,800 cuttings, and if quick covering is desired, these may be set 12 inches apart each way in well-prepared and fertilized ground. If kept well watered, a complete lawn can be secured in 90 to 120 days under favorable conditions. Seed of this grass is not available and propagation is by cuttings only. Price, cuttings, \$4 per bus.; \$3.50 per bus. in lots of 5 bushels.

St. Augustine Grass (*Stenotaphrum secundatum*). A broad-leaved grass, spreading by creeping surface stems, having no superior as a cover for shady locations. May be grown close to, or even where covered at times by, sea spray or brackish water. \$2 per bus. cuttings.

Pampas Grass (*Cortaderia argentea*). A large, strong-growing grass producing clumps 6 to 8 feet high, with white, plume-like flowers. Not a lawn grass but very ornamental for screens or individual specimens.

	Each	Per 10
Small clumps.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
Strong clumps.....	1 50	12 50
Extra-strong clumps.....	2 50	and up

GROUND-COVERS

English Ivy (*Hedera belix*). For growing under trees and in shady places, the English Ivy is a very valuable plant with which to cover the ground. Always it is a rich dark color, and in many sections it will be found very satisfactory. Price, 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

Liriope. These evergreen plants grow in tufts and belong to the lily family. The leaves are grass-like, dark green, gracefully curved, 6 to 8 inches long. In summer they produce spikes of beautiful lavender flowers resembling grape hyacinths.

The Liriope grow on from year to year with little attention, gradually increasing in size by additions to the clumps. They grow equally well on moist or dry soil, in sun or in shade. Such frosts as come to the Southland have no effect on them, and tropical heat never wilts them. Indeed, they stand unequaled among ground-cover plants.

Two Liriope are available: One with broad leaves and dense spikes of flowers, the other with narrower leaves and more open flower spikes. In addition to their value for ground-cover, they make splendid plants for porch boxes, and urns and as an edging for flowerbeds and borders. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10.

Ophiopogon japonicus. A fine-leaved, dark green, grass-like plant that usually grows to a height of about 6 inches. It spreads out by means of short underground stems and forms a dense covering. Cut off at the ground every spring with a sharp hoe to keep it in good condition. 50 cts. for 10, \$3.50 per 100.

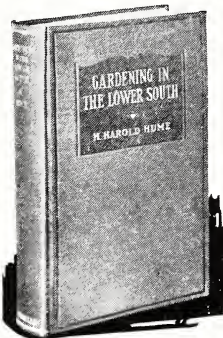
Weeping Lantana (*Lantana delicatissima*). There is no finer ground-cover than this. Its good foliage and beautiful lilac-colored flowers make it especially charming. It is a fine plant for banks or sloping ground in full sunshine. Also a valuable vine for lower heights. Price, pot-grown, 50 cts. each. \$4.50 for 10.

GARDENING IN THE LOWER SOUTH

By H. HAROLD HUME

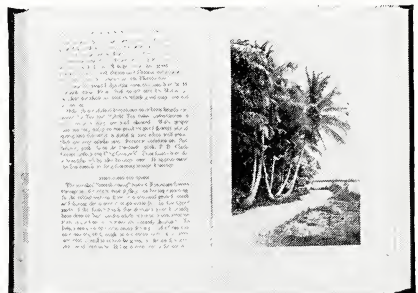
Author of The Cultivation of Citrus Fruits

Edited by L. H. Bailey. Published by The Macmillan Company



Price, \$5

A volume devoted to the care of southern ornamentals and fruits; discusses the relation of plants to the climate, and considers soils, fertilizers, frosts, and garden pests. There are special chapters on palms, azaleas, roses, hedges, bamboos, bulbs, annuals and perennials, vines, window boxes and pot plants, and the fruit garden. Illustrated by many photographs made for this book.



Vines

To add to the beauty of the home and its surroundings, Vines of different kinds are unsurpassed. If many bare, unsightly walls were covered by them, they would become things of beauty, for Vines have the power to soften lines and cover up imperfections. Where it is desired to give an appearance of age to a building, they are unequalled.



Bignonia venusta

Nothing can surpass the glory of the Wistaria, the Yellow Jessamine and *Bignonia speciosa*, when in full bloom. The *Ficus repens* and *Bignonia Chamberlayni* are well adapted for brick walls, or surfaces where a Vine is required to climb by fastening itself. The Honeysuckle and Trumpet Vine are splendid for covering mounds, dead trees and fences. The Yellow Jessamine, the two Honeysuckles, Allamanda and Rhyncospermum are evergreen, and where an evergreen covering is desired, they should be given preference. The Rhyncospermum, Yellow Jessamine and Trumpet Honeysuckle are sweet-scented. Climbing Roses and Muscadine Grapes are useful for these same purposes.

For best results, the land should be well prepared, and, if planted near brick walls, the mortar and brickbats should be removed. Dig deeply and mix a fair amount of commercial fertilizer with the

soil about two weeks before planting. After they are established, commercial fertilizer or stable manure may be used as a surface dressing. With good drainage, Vines require plenty of water.

PRICES ON VINES.		Each	Per 10
Small plants		\$0 35	\$3 00
Medium plants		60	5 00
Strong plants		1 00	9 00
Extra-strong plants		1 40	13 00
Bougainvillea, Crimson Lake		1 50	

ALLAMANDA Hendersoni. A strong-growing vine, with large, glossy evergreen foliage and large, trumpet-shaped, golden yellow flowers. Tender; adapted to south Florida.

ANTIGONON leptopus (Mountain Rose). A handsome vine with heart-shaped leaves, producing large racemes of rose-pink flowers; adapted to sunny locations.

BIGNONIA. Strong-growing, free-flowering vine with beautiful trumpet-shaped flowers in different shades of yellow, orange and blue.

Chamberlayni. A hardy evergreen vine, producing an abundance of bright yellow flowers in early spring.

radicans (Trumpet Vine). Leaves compound, deciduous, dark green; flowers brilliant orange, produced throughout the summer. Very hardy.

speciosa. A hardy evergreen vine, with glossy leaves. Flower clusters large; purple.

venusta. A very strong-growing vine; evergreen with bright, glossy foliage; flowers borne in great profusion, tubular, bright reddish orange; very showy. Tender.

BOUGAINVILLEA glabra Sanderiana. A showy evergreen vine, bearing large masses of purple flowers. A strong grower and reaches a great height. While tender, with care it does quite well even in north Florida.

Crimson Lake. This variety, with its bright crimson flowers, is one of the most striking vines that can be grown in Florida. \$1.50 ea.

ENGLISH IVY (*Hedera helix*). The well-known English Ivy. An excellent covering for walls and tree trunks. In Florida succeeds best in shaded locations. Evergreen.

FICUS repens (Evergreen Climbing Fig). No other vine is quite so satisfactory for covering foundations of buildings or walls. Small-leaved evergreen vine; quite hardy.



Bignonia speciosa

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING

VINES, continued



Thunbergia grandiflora

HONEYSUCKLE (*Lonicera*). Rapid-growing vines, with handsome flowers. Make a dense covering adapted for porches, trellises and for hiding unsightly places.

Trumpet (*Lonicera sempervirens*). A beautiful, strong-growing vine, with oval leaves, bluish green in color. Flowers showy, scarlet on the outside, yellow within, large and produced nearly the whole year with us.

White (*Lonicera japonica*). A rapid-growing evergreen vine, stems slender, leaves dark green. Flowers are deliciously sweet-scented, white, changing to yellow. Produces a dense growth, covering trellises, tree-trunks and fences with a glossy mat of rich green foliage.



Yellow Jessamine

Honeysuckle, continued

Variegated. This is a very interesting variety (*Lonicera aureo-reticulata*) of the White Honeysuckle listed above. The foliage is handsomely netted with deep golden yellow, marking it as one of the best variegated vines. Growth, habit, and flowers as in the White Honeysuckle.



Wistaria chinensis

JASMINUM pubescens. An evergreen vine or scrambling shrub, with beautiful green foliage and showy, white, star-shaped flowers. It may also be grown in shrub form. Quite hardy and a satisfactory vine.

KADSURA japonica. A hardy evergreen twining vine, with large, dark green leaves. The new growth of vine and leaves is red, giving the plant a very beautiful appearance. Makes a good ground-cover.

PANDOREA jasminoides. This is a beautiful climber with dark green leaves and fine twining stems. The flowers are broadly trumpet shaped, white, suffused with pink in the center.

RHYNOSPERMUM (*Rhyncospermum jasminoides*). Leaves rounded, rather small, thick, shiny; flowers produced freely, white, star-shaped, small, very fragrant. A very desirable vine. Hardy and evergreen.

THUNBERGIA grandiflora. A strong-growing, woody vine with large, toothed, dark green leaves, broad at the base. The showy, dark blue, tubular flowers are borne in stout, thick racemes. Adapted from middle Florida southward. One of the most satisfactory and beautiful vines.

WISTARIA (*Wistaria chinensis*). Magnificent, strong-growing, woody vines, hardy throughout the country. Leaves deciduous; the flowers are borne in large, pointed clusters, with or before the leaves in spring. Wistarias make handsome specimens when staked and grown as trees.

Purple. A very strong-growing sort, producing large panicles of purple flowers.

White. A very fine variety, with large clusters of delicately scented white flowers.

YELLOW JESSAMINE (*Gelsemium sempervirens*). A slender, rapid-growing evergreen vine. Flowers yellow, fragrant, produced in profusion in early spring.

Bulbs and Related Plants

IN NO part of the country can a wider range of really good bulbous and tuberous plants be grown than in the South. Not only can most of the prominent sorts which beautify the landscapes of northern localities be grown to perfection, but many beautiful and more tender sorts adapted only to the South may be added to the list. As a rule, when provided with well-prepared soil, sufficiently rich, good drainage, and sufficient moisture, very little further attention is needed, and throughout the year a profusion of bloom may be secured, giving such an abundance of bright colorings as cannot be secured with any other plants. The varieties offered have been carefully tested and the very best of results may be expected from them.

AMARYLLIS (*Hippeastrum vittata*, hybrids).

For years we have been hybridizing and growing Amaryllis and have brought together a very large collection of these beautiful bulbs. The flowers are very large and the range of colors is wonderful—red, maroon, rose, splashed pink, striped, and variegated. They are easy to grow and unsurpassed among bulbs. Flowering size, 75 cts. each, \$6.50 for 10.

ASPIDISTRA lurida. Among shade-loving plants there is none better than the Aspidistra. It is a splendid plant for the shady border, for porch-boxes in shady places, and for indoor decorations. From underground stems, the leaves, borne on rounded green stems, rise to a height of 18 inches to 2 feet. They are large, broad, pointed and dark green. Hardy throughout the Lower South and will thrive in very difficult locations.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 00
6-inch pots.....	1 00	8 00

CRINUM Powellii. This is one of the most beautiful and satisfactory of Crinums. The flowers are large, funnel-shaped, dark pink, sweet-scented, and borne in umbels.

Powellii album. Very similar to Powellii, but the lily-like, sweet-scented flowers are pure white. Very free flowering and desirable. Bulbs, 75 cts. each, \$6.50 for 10.

EUCHARIS grandiflora (Amazon Lily). A lovely bulbous plant from Colombia. Leaves broad, about 12 inches long, ribbed. Flowers pure white, cupped, somewhat resembling narcissus, in clusters of two to six on stems 1 to 2 feet long. Fine for cut-flowers. Flowering bulbs, 75 cts. each, \$6.50 for 10.

HEMEROCALLIS (Yellow Day Lily). These fine perennials are adapted for borders and beds. The flowers of yellow, orange, and tawny yellow are produced abundantly. The list of varieties catalogued will give bloom through the season March to July.



A border of Hemerocallis in variety. One of the easiest and most satisfactory lily-like plants for the South

ORNAMENTALS FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING

BULBS AND RELATED PLANTS, continued

Hemerocallis, continued

Apricot. A low-growing, early-flowering variety with apricot-colored flowers.

Aurantiaca. This variety produces its deep reddish orange flowers on tall stems.

Florham. Large flowers of rich golden yellow. Stems tall. Full bloom in early June. Fine.

fulva. Large tawny or orange-yellow flowers with darker markings of reddish orange.

Gold Dust. Golden yellow flowers, brownish on the outer surface of the petals. Low growing; blooms in March and April.

Kwanso. Similar to *Fulva* in color and size but the flowers are double. June, July.

Minor. Golden yellow flowers on stems 12 to 15 inches high. Early flowering.

Small, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$15 per 100. Large, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10, \$40 per 100

LIRIOPE. The Liriope are stemless lilies, growing in tufts or clumps of dark green, narrow, gracefully curved leaves, a foot or so above the ground. In summer the lilac, grapehyacinth-like flowers are borne in spikes well above the leaves, and they last for several weeks. There are two varieties, one with rather narrow leaves and loose spikes of flowers, the other with broader leaves and dense flower-spikes. These valuable plants thrive equally well in sun or shade, in moist or dry soil, and stand excessive heat or many degrees of frost without injury. They may be used in the border, as edging for beds, or as pot plants, and are the most valuable addition to our list of plants in many years. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10.

MARICA gracilis (The Flag Lily). This plant belongs to the iris family. It grows in clumps or tufts, with dark green foliage that bends at the tips. The flower-stalks are like the leaves, and the flowers are produced from the edges, near the tips. Flowers white, blue and brownish within. Very interesting and valuable. 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.



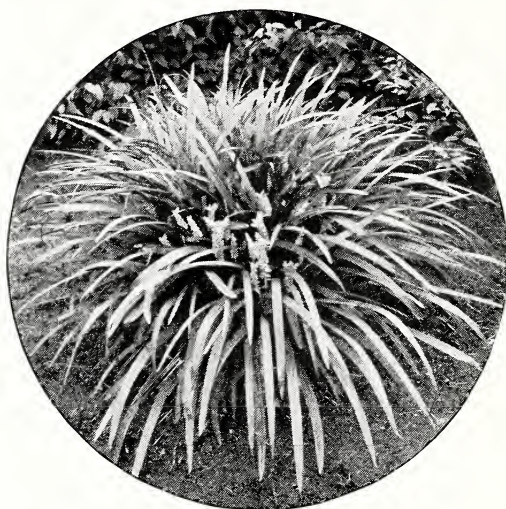
Amaryllis

Sansevieria Zeylanica. Leaves sword-shaped, variegated, marked with transverse bands of dark green and grayish white. Very satisfactory in shady places. Not hardy. Adapted for cultivation out-of-doors in southern Florida. It makes a splendid house plant.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 50	\$4 00
6-inch pots.....	1 50	12 00

Laurenti. This closely resembles *S. zeylanica* in growth-habit, but the leaves are marked on the edges with a band or stripe of creamy yellow. Easily grown and adapted to the same conditions. This is a favorite house plant.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$0 75	\$6 00
6-inch pots.....	1 75	15 00



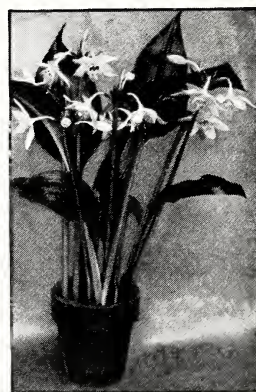
Liriope

MORÆA irioides (Natal Lily). A plant belonging to the iris family, and of easy culture under general Florida conditions. The leaves are sword-like, upright, in fan-shaped arrangement. The flowers are iris-like, white with yellow and blue central parts. 35c. ea., \$3 for 10.

OPHIPOGON jaburan. This plant resembles the liriope in leaf and habit of growth, but it is a more robust plant, with white flowers, and leaves from 18 to 36 inches long. It is valuable for shady locations and for growing in boxes or pots. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10.


SANSEVIERIA cylindrica. Leaves round, dark green, banded with paler markings, pointed, 12 to 30 inches long. A very unusual plant that will stand much shade and drying. It is not hardy but can be grown out-of-doors in southern Florida. Very satisfactory as a house plant.

	Each	Per 10
4-inch pots.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
6-inch pots.....	2 00	17 50



Eucharis

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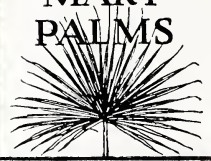
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GLEN SAINT MARY PALMS



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2. *Washingtonia robusta*
3. *Cocos australis*

4. Needle Palm
5. *Zamia*
6. *Phoenix Rœbelini*

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